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Dear Parents/ Carers,

On the 2nd July, the Government released guidance regarding the full opening of schools in September. The report can be accessed via this link: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/what-parents-and-carers-need-to-know-about-early-years-providers-schools-and-colleges-during-the-coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak/what-parents-and-carers-need-to-know-about-early-years-providers-schools-and-colleges-in-the-autumn-term?utm_medium=email&utm_source=govdelivery however, in the following information, I have outlined the key points relating to our welcoming your son/ daughter to us/ back to us in September. The information is also intended for all registered nurseries and childminders, secondary schools and further education colleges.

Firstly, it is the Government's plan that all children, in all year groups, will return to school from the beginning of the autumn term.

Welcoming children back to school

The prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) has decreased since schools restricted their opening to most pupils in March, the NHS Test and Trace system is up and running and there is greater understanding about the measures that need to be in place to create safer environments in schools. As a result, the Government has asked schools to plan for all children to return from the start of the new academic year.

The scientific evidence shows that coronavirus (COVID-19) presents a much lower risk to children than adults of becoming severely ill, and there is no evidence that children transmit the disease any more than adults. Of course, there will still be risks while coronavirus (COVID-19) remains in the community, and that is why schools will be asked to put in place a range of protective measures.

In order to effectively manage the risks that remain, things will be a bit different when children return to school for the new academic year. The following information sets out some of the changes and protective measures the Government is asking schools to put in place and what parents, carers and children will need to do to help ensure schools are as safe as possible for everyone.

School attendance

It is vital that children return to school - for their educational progress, for their wellbeing, and for their wider development. **School attendance will again be mandatory from the beginning of the new academic year.** For parents and carers of children of compulsory school age, this means that the legal duty on you as a parent to send your child to school regularly will apply.

A small number of pupils will still be unable to attend in line with public health advice because they are self-isolating and have had symptoms or a positive test result themselves, or because they are a close contact of someone who has coronavirus (COVID-19). If your child is unable to attend school for this reason, you should talk to your school about what support is in place in terms of remote education.

Shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on 1 August, subject to a continued decline in the rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19). This means that the small number of pupils who will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to school, as can those who have family members who are shielding. See

the [guidance on shielding and protecting people defined on medical grounds as extremely vulnerable](#) for the current advice.

Some pupils no longer required to shield but who generally remain under the care of a specialist health professional may need to discuss their care with their health professional before returning to school in September (usually at their next planned clinical appointment). Where children are not able to attend school as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, the absence will not be penalised.

If you have concerns about your child returning to school, because you consider they may have other risk factors, you should discuss with your school the measures they are putting in place to reduce risks in line with Government guidance.

Many families will want to take a holiday over the summer period, which may involve travelling abroad. As ever, parents should plan their holidays within school holidays and avoid seeking permission to take their children out of school during term time. Ultimately, local authorities and schools have a range of [legal powers to enforce attendance](#) if a child misses school without a valid reason.

How everyone can help make schools as safe as possible

Each school will do their own health and safety risk assessment as part of their planning for the autumn term and the return of all pupils. As part of this, there are certain approaches that the Government has asked schools to implement which are essential to reduce health risks. Parents and carers can support this by:

- ensuring that anyone who has coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or has someone in their household who does, does not attend school - this means if your child, or someone in your household, has symptoms you should not send them to school;
- engaging with the NHS Test and Trace process so that cases can be identified and action taken - this means if your child develops symptoms, you should arrange for them to [get a test](#) and you should inform your school of the results of that test.

Alongside this, the Government is asking schools to ensure they are:

- managing confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) in the school, in line with current public health guidance - this means your child may be asked to self-isolate for 14 days by their school (based on advice from their local health protection teams) if they have been in close, face-to-face contact with someone who has tested positive for the virus;
- ensuring everyone at the school cleans their hands more often than usual, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, and before and after eating - this can be done with soap and running water or hand sanitiser;
- ensuring good respiratory hygiene, by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach;
- enhanced cleaning, including cleaning frequently touched surfaces more often;
- minimising contact and maintaining distance, as far as possible - schools will decide how best to do this, as it will be different for each setting, but in broad terms, it will involve asking children to stay within specified separate groups (or bubbles), and through maintaining distance between individuals. The Government's guidance to schools recognises that younger children may not be able to maintain social distancing so it is likely that for younger children the emphasis will be on separating groups, and for older children, it will be on distancing.

It will be really important that parents help schools to implement these approaches by following the advice set out here and wider public health advice and guidance

Arriving and leaving school

Some schools may need to stagger or adjust start and finish times as this helps keep groups apart on the way to and from school, and as they arrive and leave the premises. If schools choose to do this it will not reduce the amount of time they spend teaching - but it could be that start or finish times are adjusted for your child.

Your school will be in touch to set out any changes it is making. This might also include new processes for drop off and collection. **(I will detail our school's organisation for arriving and leaving school in my end of year newsletter next week)**

Where possible, children are encouraged to avoid public transport, particularly at peak times, and to walk or cycle to school. Where your child relies on public transport to get to school, and cannot walk or cycle, the [safer travel guidance for passengers](#) will apply. Face coverings are required at all times on public transport (for children over the age of 11). If your child has been wearing a face covering before arriving at school, it will be important that they understand how to remove it. The Government has asked schools to have a process for ensuring face coverings are removed when pupils and staff who use them arrive at school and this should be clearly communicated.

Children must wash their hands immediately on arrival at and dispose of any temporary face coverings they may have been wearing in a covered bin, or place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them, and then wash their hands again before heading to their classroom.

Public Health England does not recommend the use of face coverings in schools. They are not required in schools as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission.

Curriculum

The Government has set out clear expectations on what schools are expected to teach when pupils return in September. Schools will continue to provide an ambitious and broad curriculum in all subjects. There may need to be changes to some subjects - such as PE and music - to ensure they can be delivered as safely as possible. Schools will also make plans for the provision of remote education where needed, to ensure that the small number of children that need to be educated at home, for example, due to shielding or self-isolation, are given the support they need to continue learning.

Assessment

We recognise that children will have missed a critical period of their learning due to lockdown in the 2019 to 2020 academic year. It is vital that we better understand the impact of coronavirus (COVID-19) on children nationally and can give support to schools that need it the most. The Government is, therefore, planning on the basis that statutory primary assessments (for those going into Year 6 in September) will take place in summer 2021.

What else you need to know

Uniform

It is up to schools to decide their own uniform policy. Some schools may have relaxed their uniform policy while only certain groups of pupils were attending before the summer holidays. We are, however, encouraging all schools to return to their usual uniform policies in the autumn term. Uniforms do not need to be cleaned any more often than usual, or in any different way to normal due to coronavirus (COVID-19). **(At Oak Meadow, full uniform must be work in September.)**

School food

School kitchens should be fully open from the start of the autumn term, and they will provide free school meals and universal infant free school meals as usual for those who are eligible.

School trips

In the autumn term, schools can resume educational day trips, in line with the latest public health guidance and wider guidance for schools on the actions they can take to reduce risks.

Extra-curricular activities

Schools will be permitted to run breakfast and after-school activities. Schools will need to make sure these can be delivered in line with the wider guidance on protective measures, so they may need to run things differently and adapt over time. **(At Oak Meadow, Breakfast Club and Funsters will resume at the start of the term. Breakfast Club operates 7.45-8.45 and Funsters, 3.15-5.45. Funsters operates a booking system as we are not authorised to exceed 30 children.)**

Process in the event of outbreaks

If a school experiences an outbreak, either because they have 2 or more confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) among pupils or staff in their setting within 14 days, or they see an increase in pupil or staff absence rates due to suspected or confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19), they will need to contact their local Health Protection Team. This team will advise if additional action is required, though the closure of the whole school will generally not be necessary.

Where an outbreak in a school is confirmed, a mobile testing unit may be dispatched to test others who may have been in contact with the person who has tested positive. Testing will first focus on the person's class, followed by their year group, then the whole school, if necessary.

If your local area sees a spike in infection rates that is resulting in localised community spread, decisions will be made on what measures to implement to help contain the spread. The Government will be involved in decisions and will support individual schools to follow the health advice.

In all cases, where groups of pupils need to self-isolate or where a larger restriction of attendance at school is needed, your child's school should seek to ensure children's education can continue remotely.

I hope the above information has been useful and as I stated within the letter, I will outline our specific plans in my newsletter, which will follow next week before the end of the summer term – in anticipation of our return in September. Please continue to stay safe and on behalf of all staff and governors, we look forward to the new school year and to meeting our new parents and children and to welcoming back all other children and families.

Yours sincerely,

S Arnold

Mr Arnold

